

## SECTION 4 - NORMAL PROCEDURES

PA-30 \* 3600 LBS GROSS WEIGHT

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## NORMAL PROCEDURES

PA-30 \* 3600 LBS GROSS WEIGHT

### AIRSPEEDS FOR SAFE OPERATION

The following airspeeds are those which are significant for safe operation of the airplane. The figures are for a standard airplane flown at gross weight under standard sea-level conditions.

V <sub>A</sub> - Design Maneuvering Speed / Turbulent Air Penetration Speed .....	162 mph	141 kt
V <sub>APP</sub> - Final Approach to Landing Speed .....	95 mph	83 kt
V <sub>FE</sub> - Flap Extension Speed .....	125 mph	108 kt
V <sub>FE</sub> - Recommended .....	100 mph	87 kt
V <sub>LO</sub> - Landing-Gear Operation Speed .....	150 mph	130 kt
V <sub>LO</sub> - Recommended .....	125 mph	108 kt
V <sub>MCA</sub> - Single Engine Minimum Control Speed .....	90 mph	78 kt
V <sub>NE</sub> - Never Exceed Speed .....	230 mph	200 kt
V <sub>R</sub> - Rotation Speed (W/Zero Degrees of Flap) .....	90 mph	78 kt
V <sub>S0</sub> - Stall Speed (Power Off - Full Flaps and Gear Extended) .....	69 mph	60 kt
V <sub>S1</sub> - Stall Speed (Power Off - Clean) .....	76 mph	66 kt
V <sub>SSE</sub> - Minimum Intentional Single Engine Speed .....	97 mph	84 kt
V <sub>X</sub> - Best Angle-of-Climb Speed (At Sea Level) .....	90 mph	78 kt
V <sub>XSE</sub> - Best Single Engine Angle-of-Climb Speed .....	94 mph	82 kt
V <sub>Y</sub> - Best Rate-of-Climb Speed (At Sea Level) .....	112 mph	97 kt
V <sub>YSE</sub> - Best Single Engine Rate-of-Climb Speed .....	105 mph	91 kt
Best En Route Rate-of-Climb Speed .....	130 mph	113 kt
Demonstrated Crosswind Component .....	20 mph	17 kt

### NOISE ABATEMENT

Environmental concerns require that measures be taken to minimize the effect of airplane noise around airports or when operating near the ground. The following is a general guideline.

Many airports have published noise-abatement procedures. Pilots should become familiar with these procedures and conform to them. Pilots should also avoid noise-sensitive areas such as recreational and residential areas.

VFR departure from, and approach to an airport should be made so as to avoid prolonged flight at an altitude lower than 2,000 ft AGL. This procedure would only apply where weather permits. Other factors such as conflict with instructions from Air Traffic Control or the pilot's responsibility to see and avoid other aircraft will override this procedure.

No determination has been made by the Federal Aviation Administration as to whether the noise level of the Comanche is or should be acceptable by any standard for operation at, into, or out of any airport.

## PREFLIGHT CHECK

### 1.) Cabin:

Control Wheel ..... Release Restraint  
Avionics Master (Or Radios) ..... Check Off  
Ignition ..... Check Off  
Landing Gear Selector ..... Down  
Master Switch ..... On  
Fuel Quantity Gauge ..... Check Each Tank  
Wing Flaps ..... Lower  
Master Switch ..... Off  
Oxygen Quantity (If Equipped and Required) ..... Adequate  
Required Papers and Navigation Charts ..... On Board

## WALK AROUND INSPECTION

Exterior ..... Check for Damage and Evidence of Fluid Leaks

### 2.) Right Wing:

Control Surfaces ..... Check for Interference  
Wing Tip and Navigation Light ..... Check  
Fuel Tanks ..... Check Supply Visually - Adjust and Secure Caps  
Fuel Tank Vents and Overflow Drains ..... Open  
Tie Down and Wheel Chock ..... Remove  
Main Gear Strut ..... Proper Inflation 2-3/4 in  
Tire ..... Check for Wear and Proper Inflation  
Oil ..... Check Level  
Dip Stick and Oil Inspection Cover ..... Secure  
Air Inlets ..... Clear  
Propeller ..... Check for Nicks  
Area Around Propeller ..... Clear of Debris  
Cowling ..... Secure

### 3.) Nose Section:

Windshield ..... Clean  
Heater and Ventilating Air Inlet ..... Clear  
Nose Gear Strut ..... Proper Inflation 2-3/4 in  
Tire ..... Check for Wear and Proper Inflation

### 4.) Left Wing:

Oil ..... Check Level  
Dip Stick and Oil Inspection Cover ..... Secure  
Air Inlets ..... Clear  
Propeller ..... Check for Nicks  
Area Around Propeller ..... Clear of Debris

### WALK AROUND INSPECTION (Cont.)

#### 4.) Left Wing:(Cont.)

Cowling ..... Secure  
Fuel Tanks ..... Check Supply Visually - Adjust and Secure Caps  
Fuel Tank Vents and Overflow Drains ..... Open  
Tie Down and Wheel Chock ..... Remove  
Main Gear Strut ..... Proper Inflation 2-3/4 in  
Tire ..... Check for Wear and Proper Inflation  
Stall Warning Transmitter Switch ..... Free  
Pitot Head ..... Cover Removed - Hole Clear  
Wing Tip and Navigation Light ..... Check  
Control Surfaces ..... Check for Interference

#### 5.) Fuselage and Empennage:

Static Vents ..... Holes Clear  
Control Surfaces ..... Check for Interference  
Navigation Lights ..... Check  
Antennas ..... Check  
Dorsal Fin Ventilating Air Inlet ..... Clear  
Tie Down ..... Remove  
Baggage Door ..... Secure

**\*\* WARNING \*\*** In winter insure that all surfaces are free of ice, frost and snow.

### PREFLIGHT CHECK FOR NIGHT OPERATION

If operation of aircraft extends into night:

Master Switch ..... On  
Navigation and Landing Lights ..... Check  
Panel and Cabin Lights ..... Check  
Master Switch ..... Off  
Flashlight ..... On Board

### BEFORE STARTING ENGINES

Seats ..... Erect  
Belts and Harness ..... Fastened and Adjusted  
Brakes ..... Set  
Fuel Strainers ..... Drain Sample (5 Seconds) and Check Each Tank  
Fuel Selectors ..... Inboard Main Tanks  
Circuit Breakers ..... Check In  
Avionics Master (Or Radios) ..... Check Off  
Generator Switches (If Equipped with Generators) ..... Check On  
Air Vents, Heater and Defroster ..... As Desired  
Alternate Static Source (If Installed) ..... Closed  
Controls ..... Free and Correct  
Door ..... Latched  
Cowl Flaps ..... Open

### STARTING ENGINES WHEN COLD

Throttle ..... 1/2 in Open  
Propeller Control ..... Full Forward - Increase rpm  
Master Switch ..... On  
Electric Fuel Pump ..... On  
Mixture ..... Full Rich  
Fuel Flow Meter ..... Indicates 5 gpm Flow (Engine is Primed)  
Mixture ..... Idle Cut-Off

**\*\* CLEAR PROP \*\***

Magneto Switches ..... On  
Starter ..... Engage (Maximum 15 Seconds)  
Mixture ..... Advance Slowly to Full Rich  
Throttle ..... Adjust  
Oil Pressure ..... Check

**\*\* CAUTION \*\***

If oil pressure is not indicated within 30 seconds, stop engine and determine cause of trouble.

Repeat Procedure for Opposite Engine.

### STARTING ENGINES WHEN HOT

Throttle ..... Full Forward - Open  
Propeller Control ..... Full Forward - Increase rpm  
Master Switch ..... On  
Electric Fuel Pump ..... On  
Mixture ..... Full Rich to Purge Lines - Then Idle Cut-Off  
Electric Fuel Pump ..... Off

**\*\* CLEAR PROP \*\***

Magneto Switches ..... On  
Starter ..... Engage (Maximum 15 Seconds)  
Throttle ..... Adjust  
Mixture ..... Advance Slowly to Full Rich  
Oil Pressure ..... Check

### STARTING ENGINES WHEN FLOODED

Throttle ..... Full Forward - Open  
Propeller Control ..... Full Forward - Increase rpm  
Master Switch ..... Check On  
Mixture ..... Idle Cut-Off  
Electric Fuel Pump ..... Off

**\*\* CLEAR PROP \*\***

Magneto Switches ..... On  
Starter ..... Engage (Maximum 15 Seconds)  
Throttle ..... Retard  
Mixture ..... Advance to Full Rich  
Oil Pressure ..... Check

**\*\* CAUTION \*\***

Starter manufacturers recommend that cranking periods be limited to thirty seconds with a two minute rest between cranking periods. Longer cranking periods will shorten the life of the starter.

### STARTING WITH EXTERNAL POWER SOURCE

(For an aircraft that is equipped with an auxiliary power receptacle.)

Master Switch ..... Check Off  
All Electrical Equipment ..... Check Off  
Alternate Battery Terminals ..... Connect  
External Power Cable ..... Insert in Fuselage

Initiate appropriate starting procedure.

Throttle(s) ..... Lowest Possible rpm  
External Power Cable ..... Disconnect From Fuselage  
Throttle ..... Above 1200 rpm  
Master Switch ..... On  
Ammeter ..... Check for Normal Charging

**\*\* NOTE \*\*** Do not attempt flight if battery is not charging properly.

### BEFORE TAXIING

Rotating Beacon ..... On  
Electric Fuel Pump ..... Off  
Wing Flaps ..... Retract  
Wing Flap Selector ..... Center "OFF" Position  
Landing Gear Indicator Light ..... Check Green  
Avionics Master (Or Radios) ..... On  
Radio Transfer Switches ..... As Required

Flight Instruments:

Artificial Horizon ..... Check Erect and Set  
Rate-of-Climb Indicator ..... Check Zero  
Altimeter ..... Adjust to Local Barometric Setting and Verify  
Field Elevation Reading is Within Acceptable Limits  
Clock ..... Wind and Set

**\*\* NOTE \*\*** If flight plan anticipates instrument meteorological conditions:

Pitot Heat ..... On (Check Ammeter Discharge) Then Off

### TAXIING

Taxi Area ..... Clear  
Throttle ..... Apply Slowly  
Brakes ..... Check  
Steering ..... Check

### ENGINE RUN UP

Brakes ..... Set  
Warm Up ..... 2 to 4 Minutes at 800 to 1200 rpm  
Mixture Controls ..... Check Rich

**\*\* NOTE \*\***

Above 5,000 ft density altitude, mixture should be leaned for takeoff until, and only until, any engine roughness is eliminated.

Propeller Controls ..... Check Full Forward - Increase rpm  
Throttle ..... 2000 rpm

**\*\* CAUTION \*\*** Do not exceed 2200 rpm in a routine static test.

Propeller ..... Cycle as Needed to Circulate Oil and Operate Governor  
Normal Drop - 300 to 400 rpm

Throttle ..... 1000 to 1500 rpm  
Propeller ..... Feather

**\*\* CAUTION \*\***

Move propeller in and out of feathered position rapidly. Do not exceed a 500 rpm drop.

Manifold Pressure ..... 15 in Hg  
Magnetos ..... Check Left and Right

Maximum Drop - 175 rpm  
Maximum Difference - 50 rpm

Vacuum ..... 5.0 in Hg + .1 or - .2 in  
Vacuum L and R Indicators ..... Check  
Ammeter ..... Check Charging  
X Alternator Push-to-Test (If Installed) ..... Check  
Oil Temperature ..... Check  
Oil Pressure ..... Check Green  
Throttle ..... Retard

Repeat Procedure for Opposite Engine.

### BEFORE TAKEOFF

Fuel Selectors ..... Leave on Inboard Main Tanks  
Electric Fuel Pumps ..... On  
Wing Flaps ..... Set for Takeoff (Zero to 15 Degrees as Desired)  
Trim Tab ..... Set for Takeoff (Neutral Position for Most Operations)  
Directional Gyro ..... Set Heading  
Engine Gauges ..... Normal  
Strobe Lights (If Installed) ..... On

**\*\* NOTE \*\***

Engines are warm enough for takeoff when throttles can be opened without the engines faltering.

## TAKEOFF

Throttles ..... Open Using a Smooth, Steady Movement  
Accelerate to  $V_R$  ..... 90 mph (78 kt)  
Control Wheel ..... Back Pressure to Rotate to Climb Attitude

**\*\* Establish Positive Rate of Climb \*\***

Brakes ..... Tap  
Landing Gear ..... Retract  
Landing Gear Indicator ..... Amber  
Climb Out at  $V_Y$  ..... 112 mph (97 kt)

### 1.) Maximum Performance Climb:

Power ..... Full Throttle and Maximum rpm

### 2.) Reduced Power Climb:

Full Power ..... Until 1000 ft AGL  
Reduce Power to Climb Setting ..... 25-25  
Continue Climb at Best En Route Speed ..... 130 mph (113 kt)  
Cylinder Head Temperature ..... Maintain in Green

## SHORT FIELD TAKEOFF AND OBSTACLE CLEARANCE

Wing Flaps ..... 15 Degrees  
Trim Tab ..... Set for Takeoff  
Brakes ..... Partial Power Before Brake Release

Release brakes and continue opening throttle using a smooth, steady movement.

Accelerate to 70 to 80 mph (61 to 70 kt) depending on airplane weight.

Control Wheel ..... Back Pressure to Rotate to Climb Attitude

After breaking ground:

Accelerate to  $V_X$  ..... 90 mph (78 kt)

Climb past obstacle.

Accelerate to  $V_Y$  ..... 112 mph (97 kt)  
Landing Gear ..... Retract  
Wing Flaps ..... Retract  
Power ..... As Required Above 1000 ft AGL  
Continue Climb at Best En Route Speed ..... 130 mph (113 kt)

### SOFT FIELD TAKEOFF

Wing Flaps ..... 15 Degrees  
Trim Tab ..... Set for Takeoff  
Control Wheel ..... Full Back Pressure to Relieve Airplane Weight  
Throttle ..... Apply Slowly

**\*\* NOTE \*\***

Once breakaway is achieved and taxi has begun, maintain airplane momentum to avoid becoming bogged down in soggy terrain.

Accelerate until airplane breaks ground. After breaking ground:

Stay in Ground Effect and Accelerate to  $V_X$  ..... 90 mph (78 kt)  
Landing Gear ..... Retract

**\*\* Establish Positive Rate of Climb \*\***

Accelerate to  $V_Y$  ..... 112 mph (97 kt)  
Wing Flaps ..... Retract  
Power ..... As Required Above 1000 ft AGL  
Continue Climb at Best En Route Speed ..... 130 mph (113 kt)

**\*\* NOTE \*\***

The figures for  $V_X$  and  $V_Y$  are based on a 3600 pound gross weight. Both  $V_X$  and  $V_Y$  decrease approximately one mph for every 100 pounds that the airplane is below maximum allowable gross weight.

$V_X$  increases approximately 0.25 mph for each 1,000 foot increase in density altitude above mean sea level.

$V_Y$  decreases approximately 0.75 mph for each 1,000 foot increase in density altitude above mean sea level.

### CLIMB

Best Angle-of-Climb Speed ( $V_X$ ) ..... 90 mph (78 kt)  
Best Rate-of-Climb Speed ( $V_Y$ ) ..... 112 mph (97 kt)  
Best En Route Rate-of-Climb Speed ..... 130 mph (113 kt)  
Cylinder Head Temperature ..... Maintain in Green  
Mixture Controls ..... Adjust With Ascent  
Electric Fuel Pumps ..... Off at Desired Altitude - Check Fuel Flow  
Cowl Flaps ..... Closed at Desired Altitude

**\*\* NOTE \*\***

Best en route rate-of-climb speed decreases approximately 0.75 mph for each 1,000 foot increase in density altitude above mean sea level.

When en route below 5,000 feet MSL, always return mixtures to full rich before increasing power settings. Above 5,000 feet MSL, adjust mixtures as required as over enriching the mixtures at high altitude will result in engine roughness.

### CRUISING

**\*\* NOTE \*\*** Operation above Flight Level 200 is not approved.

Power ..... Set Per Power Table in Section 5 (Performance)  
Normal Maximum Cruise Power ..... 75 Percent  
Mixture Controls ..... Adjust to EGT Gauge

Adjust to 100 degrees Fahrenheit rich of peak EGT at 75 % power.

Adjust to 50 degrees Fahrenheit rich of peak EGT at 65 % power.

#### **\*\* WARNING \*\***

Test and verify that fuel is flowing properly from all tanks.

Auxiliary/Tip fuel may be used only in level cruise flight. If aircraft is equipped with wing tip tanks, use tip tank fuel first.

Oxygen is recommended when operating aircraft above 10,000 feet MSL, and required above 12,500 feet MSL. No smoking with oxygen in use.

Propellers ..... Synchronize  
Engine Gauges ..... Monitor

### DESCENT

Propeller Controls ..... Cruise rpm  
Manifold Pressure Gauges ..... 15 to 17 in Hg  
Airspeed ..... Maintain Cylinder Head Temperature in Green  
Mixture Controls ..... Enrich With Descent

### APPROACH AND LANDING

Seats ..... Erect  
Belts and Harness ..... Fasten and Adjust  
Electric Fuel Pumps ..... On  
Fuel Selectors ..... Inboard Main Tanks  
Landing Gear Selector ..... Down Under 125 mph or 108 kt (Recommended)  
Landing Gear Indicator ..... Green  
Wing Flaps ..... As Required Under 100 mph or 87 kt (Recommended)  
Cowl Flaps ..... Open  
Trim Tab ..... Set for Landing  
Propeller Controls ..... 2400 rpm  
Mixture Controls ..... Enrich as Required  
GUMP Check ..... On Final  
V<sub>APP</sub> ..... 95 mph (83 kt)

#### **\*\* NOTE \*\***

If crosswind component is above 12 kts, use partial or no wing flaps and above normal approach speed.

### SHORT FIELD LANDING

Airspeed on Final ..... Coordinate to 90 mph (78 kt)  
Throttles ..... Carry Power Until Flare  
Wing Flaps ..... Retract Immediately After Touchdown  
Control Wheel ..... Full Back Pressure to Put Airplane Weight on Main Landing Gear  
Brakes ..... Apply Heavily

### SOFT FIELD LANDING

Airspeed on Final ..... Coordinate to 90 mph (78 kt)  
Throttles ..... Carry Power Until Flare  
Wing Flaps ..... Leave Extended to Maximize Wing Lift  
Control Wheel ..... Back Pressure to Relieve Airplane Weight  
Brakes ..... Utilize Field Conditions to Slow Airplane, Minimum Braking Application

**\*\* NOTE \*\***

The Comanche has been demonstrated safe when operating in and out of rough grass surfaces.

### GO AROUND

Propeller Controls ..... Full Forward - Increase rpm  
Throttles ..... Full Forward - Open  
Control Wheel ..... Rotate to Climb Attitude

**\*\* Establish Positive Rate of Climb - Move to Right of Runway \*\***

Landing Gear ..... Retract  
Landing Gear Indicator ..... Amber  
Climb Out at  $V_Y$  ..... 112 mph (97 kt)  
Wing Flaps ..... Retract  
Power ..... As Required Above 1000 ft AGL  
Continue Climb at Best En Route Speed ..... 130 mph (113 kt)

### AFTER LANDING

(Clear of Runway)

Wing Flaps ..... Retract  
Wing Flap Selector ..... Center "OFF" Position  
Strobe Lights (If Installed) ..... Off

### ENGINE SHUTDOWN

Idle ..... Until a Decided Decrease in CHT is Noted  
Electric Fuel Pumps ..... Off  
Cabin Heater (If Used) ..... Off  
Tune Comm Radio to 121.5 ..... Check ELT for False Operation  
Rotating Beacon ..... Off  
Avionics Master (Or Radios) ..... Off  
Throttles ..... 1800 rpm  
Clear Plugs ..... 15 to 20 Seconds  
Throttles ..... Reduce to 1200 rpm  
Mixture Controls ..... Idle Cut-Off

**\*\* NOTE \*\***

When operating in high ambient temperatures, engine shutdown by mixture alone may not be positive. Under these conditions, to shut down engines, depress throttle cut-off release button on the left side of the power quadrant and retard throttles fully aft.

Magnetos ..... Off  
Master Switch ..... Off

### PARKING AND MOORING

Control Wheel ..... Secure Restraint  
Wheel Chocks ..... In Place  
Tie Downs ..... Secure  
Pitot Head ..... Cover  
Cabin Fresh Air Inlets ..... Closed  
Storm Window ..... Secure  
Doors ..... Locked